HOWEVER

- **However** is used to show that an idea contrasts with a previous statement. It can come either at the beginning of a sentence or in the middle. Note the examples below – and how commas and semi-colons are used.

Examples:
“It’s late. **However**, I’m not tired.”
“It’s late; **however**, I’m not tired.”

- Use ‘however’ to write sentences below. Use your own ideas.

1. Hamburgers taste great. ( **However**, ....)
   *Hamburgers taste great. However, they have a lot of calories.*

2. Exercise is important. ( ....; **however**, ....)
   *Exercise is important; however, enough rest is also important.*

3. I was late for my class. ( **However**, ....)

4. The exam was difficult. ( ....; **however**, ....)

5. Mr. Adamson was sick. ( **However**, ....)

6. Cell phones are useful. ( ....; **however**, ....)

7. Most people watch TV. ( **However**, ....)

8. Money is important. ( ....; **however**, ....)
ANSWER KEY

Answers will vary.

Some possible answers:

1. Hamburgers taste great.  *However,* they have a lot of calories.
2. Exercise is important; *however,* enough rest is also important.
3. I was late for my class. *However,* my teacher was also late.
4. The exam was difficult; *however,* I passed and got an A+.
5. Mr. Adamson was sick. *However,* he’s better now.
6. Cell phones are useful; *however,* people shouldn’t use them when they drive.
7. Most people watch TV. *However,* many people watch too much TV.
8. Money is important; *however,* it can’t buy happiness.